

The Reporting, Management & Learning from Incidents Policy

Policy number and category	RS02	Risk & Safety		
Version number and date	7	April 2025		
Ratifying committee or executive director	Trust Clinical Governance Committee			
Date ratified	May 2025			
Next anticipated review	May 2028			
Executive director	Executive Director of Quality and Safety (Chief Nurse)			
Policy lead	Head of Patient Safety	/		
Policy author (if different from above)	As above			
Exec Sign off Signature (electronic)	MHalleygreen			
Disclosable under Freedom of Information Act 2000	Yes			

Policy context

This policy sets out guidance for identification, reporting, management and learning from all incidents (including near misses)

Policy requirement (see Section 2)

The Trust endorses the principles of being open and transparent when things do not go as expected.

open and transparent manner, for example:

- a) staff, service users, their relatives and carers should, where appropriate, be involved in review that has taken place.
- b) with future prevention as a key aim, a culture of learning required in order for the Trust to develop and improve the way care is organised and delivered.
- c) in an objective style.

- d) in a timely and responsive way.
- e) based on systems as opposed to seeking to lay individual blame.
- f) proportionately to the risks identified and outcomes experienced.
- g) collaboratively, working closely with commissioners and other key providers.

2.2 Incidents will be:

- h) reported using the Local Risk Management System, eclipse
- i) risk assessed to ensure the individuals/environment involved are safe and
- j) secure.
- k) recorded as appropriate within clinical records.
- I) all incidents will be reviewed and approved on the Local Risk Management System in accordance with the guidelines enclosed.

2.3 Service users and their advocates will be empowered, where appropriate and according to their wishes, to become involved in learning responses as part of the Trust's adherence to the principle of involvement within the National Patient Safety Strategy and Duty of Candour requirements.

2.4 All staff directly involved in incidents be supported appropriately and will be provided with the opportunity to reflect on and learn from the incident in a non-judgemental and open environment as part of the review process.

2.5 Each Clinical Division will have a system which allows for the review and monitoring of incidents. This will include processes to provide assurance on the timeliness and quality of any incident reviews, to provide consensus and monitoring of recommendations, this includes time scales

The Trust's Risk Management System's action planning module will be used to track completion

Change Record

Date	Version	Author (Name & Role)	Reasons for review / Changes incorporated	Ratifying Committee
Jan 2025	7	Samantha Munbodh (Head of Patient Safety)	3 yearly Review	CGC

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1. Introduction 1.1 Rationale

This policy aims to inform staff of their roles and responsibilities in relation to recording, managing, reviewing, and learning from all incidents involving patients, staff and or visitors.

The Trust actively encourages open and honest reporting of risk, hazards, and incidents and to speak up when things go wrong. Equally it recognises that being involved in an incident can be a difficult and stressful time for staff concerned. The Trust takes it responsibility seriously and has developed guidance that focuses on supporting staff.

It is not the policy of the Trust to use the reporting of an incident itself to attribute blame to any individual. A Just and Learning Culture can be seen as an environment where we put equal emphasis on accountability and learning, staff are encouraged to report and learn from incidents to understand when things go well as well as responding when things do not go as planned. Further information on Just Culture can be found here https://www.england.nhs.uk/patient-safety/a-just-culture-guide.

The Trust is committed to promoting a culture of openness and has adopted Being Open principles when working with patients and families. Further guidance on communication in line with Being Open and Duty of Candour is outlined in Policy the Duty of Candour Policy C25. More detail can be found here www.gov.uk/government/publications/nhs-screening-programmes-duty-of-candour/duty-of-candour

1.2 Scope

This policy applies to all staff (including HMP Birmingham) whether they are employed by the Trust permanently, temporarily through an agency or bank arrangement, are students on placement, are party to joint working arrangements or are contractors delivering services on the Trusts behalf.

An incident is defined as any event or circumstance that could have or did lead to unintended or unexpected harm, loss or damage relating to service users, members of staff, the public, and the environment or Trust property. Incidents that did lead to harm is referred to as adverse events. Incidents that did not lead to harm but could have been referred to as 'near misses' (adapted from: National Patient Safety Agency, 2001).

This policy applies to all incidents that:

- a) Occur on Trust premises.
- b) Occur off Trust premises but involve persons employed by the Trust whilst on Trust business.
- c) Involve any service user receiving care from the Trust
- All service user deaths within 6 months of discharge; expected and unexpected including HMP Deaths in Custody within 7 days of discharge from HMP Birmingham Healthcare and Deaths occurring whilst on release under temporary licence (RUTL) from HM Prison

Birmingham." Further details on the reporting of deaths can be found in the Learning from Deaths Policy (C58)

e) Occur where services are shared with another provider organisation

2. The policy:

- 2.1 Incidents will be:
 - a) reported using the Local Risk Management System, Eclipse
 - b) risk assessed to ensure the individuals/environment involved are safe and secure.
 - c) recorded as appropriate within clinical records.
 - d) assessed for both harm and impact, and when identified as serious, appropriate senior clinicians and managers will be informed.

2.2 Service users and carers will be empowered, where appropriate and according to their wishes, to become involved in learning responses as part of the Trust's adherence to the principle of involvement within the National Patient Safety Strategy and Duty of Candour requirements.

2.3 All staff involved in incidents will be supported emotionally according to their need. To be provided with the opportunity to reflect on and learn from the incident in a non-judgemental and open environment as part of the review process.

2.4 Each Clinical Division will have a system which allows for the review and monitoring of incidents. This will include processes to provide assurance on the timeliness and quality of any incident reviews, to provide consensus and monitoring of recommendations, this includes time scales and implementation of improvement plans. The Trust's Risk Management System's Action Planning module will be used to track completion of actions.

3. The procedure

- 3.1 When an incident is identified, immediate action must be taken by staff to ensure that:
 - The area and any persons (including service users, staff and the public) affected by the incident are safe
 - Prompt and appropriate clinical care provision is provided to prevent further harm
 - A debrief session is held as soon after the event as possible to allow staff the opportunity to reflect on the situation and explore how it has made them feel. The exact nature of the support mechanisms used will be dependent on the type and severity of the incident and the needs of the individuals involved, managers must consider what support staff may require. The manager/person in charge should consider actions to always protect the individual's wellbeing.
 - Depending upon the circumstances of the incident consideration should also be given to the incidents occurring "out of hours" and escalation to the senior manager on-call
 - Any immediate safety concerns are shared across other areas of the organisation at the earliest opportunity

3.2 All incidents (including near misses) must be reported using the Trust reporting electronic system called Eclipse. Eclipse can be accessed via the "Home" page of the internal intranet site.

3.3 The Eclipse login is the same as your computer login (if single sign on is enabled you will be logged in automatically). A "How to Guide "on how to log an incident is available on the Eclipse system homepage.

3.4 Incidents should be reported within 24 hours of knowledge that they have occurred. In some situations, staff may not be aware that an incident has occurred until an unexpected outcome is detected sometime later. In such cases the incident should be reported retrospectively.

3.6 The incident report, must, where possible, be completed by staff who have been made aware of the incident.

3.7 The information reported on the incident form must be factual and accurate and should not include opinion or subjective judgement.

3.8 The severity of an incident will be determined using the NHS England – Degree of Harm, which are outlined by Learning from Patient Safety Events (LFPSE) and validated by the Governance Intelligence team and the Patient Safety Team.

3.9 The statutory requirement to fulfil Duty of Candour must be considered for all patient safety incidents where there has been moderate harm or above to the service user/patient. Further detail can be found in the Duty of Candour Policy (C25)

3.10 The Trust acknowledges that not all staff feel psychologically safe to report incidents. Eclipse does accommodate anonymous reporting, and assurance is given that details are not identifiable. If an incident is extremely sensitive and/or the reporter wishes to raise the issue through alternative routes, Freedom to Speak Up Guardians are available. You can contact one of the Speak Up Guardians directly in confidence via email bsmhft.speakup@nhs.net or phoning 0121 301 3940.

3.11 Once an incident has been reported the system will generate and send an automatic email notification to the relevant staff, including subject matter experts. If the names of staff within a position change, we ask that you notify the Eclipse Team at **bsmhft.eclipse@nhs.net**.

3.12 The Incident Triage Huddle is convened Monday - Friday as required to triage particular incidents in order to identify those that meet the criteria for the potential for learning as outlined in the Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (PSIRF) Policy (R&S24) learning response.

3.13 During this meeting the requirement for the Duty of Candour is confirmed. If further information is needed to support decision making this will be identified during this meeting, requested and then relisted for review at the earliest opportunity; to ensure compliance with reporting timescales

3.14 Ward / Team Managers and supervisors are responsible for reviewing incident reports within 7 working days.

3.15 Certain incidents must be reported directly to the CQC. Incidents falling into this category will be identified and reported via the Regulatory and Compliance team. Staff with queries relating to this should contact the team direct.

3.16 There is a regionally led standardised approach to investigating homicides committed by those in receipt of mental health care (Single Operating Model for Investigating Mental Health Homicides within NHS England). If such an incident should occur the Patient Safety Team will notify and liaise with NHS England.

3.17 In addition to internally recording and learning from Learning Disability deaths and for people with an autism diagnosis over the of 18, there is also a requirement to record them externally, which the Patient Safety Team will complete.

3.18 Where staff, visitors, member of the public, contractor or patient incidents may fall under the Reporting of Injuries, Diseases and Dangerous Occurrences Regulations 2013 (RIDDOR). The incumbent Manager/Lead must follow the RIDDOR Procedure and contact the Health and Safety Team. RIDDOR recording criteria can also be located within the RIDDOR procedure Risk Management Policy (R&S01).

3.2 Local and Organisational Learning

The Trust is committed to a culture of learning and continuous improvement. To achieve this a range of methods to analyse, share and act on key learning from incidents are used, which are outlined in Appendix 2.

3.3 Training

The Trust will provide training related to incident reporting and learning review including:

- a) Guidance on Eclipse on the completion of incident reporting forms.
- b) Awareness raising sessions along with update training.
- c) Specifically tailored training for Departments and Teams developed on request or through concerns regarding the level of reporting highlighted via trends analysis.
- d) Training for Managers on how to sign-off incidents

4. Responsibilities

Post(s)	Responsibilities	Ref
All Staff		
Chief Executive	Holds overall accountability for clinical and non-clinical risk, which includes the reporting	
Executive for Quality and Safety (Chief Nurse)	and management of incidents On behalf of the Chief Executive is responsible for co-ordinating the management of clinical and non-clinical risk, which includes the reporting and management of incidents.	
Service, Clinical and Corporate Directors	a) All Senior Managers to have responsibility for the management of incidents within the areas of their remit and control. Systems	

	are in place to ensure that this is fully
	operationalised.
	b) it is the responsibility of senior managers to
	ensure a feedback/ communication loop
	about changes made in response to
	reported errors, near misses and incident &
	learning that is gained from the review
	process.
	c) Ultimately the aim is to ensure incidents do
	not happen again and the learning is fully
	implemented and monitored as part of the
	Trust and divisional governance
	requirements.
	a) To understand incident trends in their
	,
	portfolio to aid decision making and resource allocation.
Convine Managers Oligitation	b) To encourage/support Ward/Team
Service Managers/Clinical	Managers to promote a local learning
Nurse Manager	culture through improved incident reporting
	and local learning processes.
	c) To ensure appropriate support is in place
	for staff, service users and families/carers
	following incidents.
	a) Responsibility for the management of the
	arrangements of the Trust's incident
	process on a day-to-day basis.
	b) Providing advice and support to Service
	Areas.
	c) coordinating and overseeing the
	investigations of serious incidents.
	d) supporting systems of learning from
	serious incidents to reduce risk.
	e) maintaining a status report on all serious
Policy Lead	incidents.
	f) ensuring the incident is reported to the host
	and commissioning CCG where
	appropriate.
	g) ensuring all incidents are entered onto the
	Trust's risk database (local risk
	management systems).
	h) ensuring incident trend analysis is
	presented to the Board of Directors and its
	Committees.
	i) ensuring a monthly Safety Report and
	annual report on serious incident

	 management are prepared for the Board of Directors and the Board Committee overseeing quality issues. j) ensuring that there is a system in place to allow for accurate and timely upload of incidents to the Learning from Patient Safety Events (LFPSE) 	
Trust Board	The Trust Board has ultimate responsibility for risk management. It is responsible for engendering through its leadership the development of a strong learning culture. The Board has a leader acting as Director for Quality and Safety (Chief Nurse) who takes responsibility for the management of incidents and is responsible for oversight of progress.	
Integrated Quality Committee	This Board reporting Committee is responsible for receiving and reviewing reports on performance on incidents and identified trends and providing assurance to the Trust Board	

5. Development and Consultation process

Consultation summary				
Date policy issued for consu	Iltation	January 2025		
Number of versions produced for consultation			1	
Committees / meetings where policy formally		Date(s)		
discussed				
Patient Safety Advisory Grou	hb			
Learning from Deaths Group)			
Where received	Summary of feedbac	ck	Actions / Response	

6. Reference documents

- Learning from Deaths Policy (C58)
- Duty of Candour Policy (25)
- NHS England Just Culture Guide
- Patient Safety Incident Response Framework (R&S 24)
- Risk Management Policy (R&S01)

7. Bibliography

We wish to thank NHS Mersey Care for their inspiration and support

8. Glossary

Incident - "Incident" is used in this policy to refer to any event which gives rise to, or has the potential to, produce unexpected or unwanted effects involving the safety of service users, staff, visitors on Trust premises or employed by the Trust, or loss or damage to property, records or equipment which are on Trust premises or belong to the Trust. This includes accidents, clinical incidents, deaths, security breaches, violence, and any other category of event which does or could result in harm. It also includes failures of medical or other equipment.

Near Miss - A near miss is any occurrence where the effects of which were narrowly avoided due to luck or skilful management. For the purpose of this policy, the term "incident" includes near misses.

Major Incident - The term Major Incident is defined as, 'a significant event, which demands a response beyond the routine, resulting from uncontrolled developments in the operation of the establishment or transient work activity' (HSE). The event may either cause, or have potential to cause, either:

- Multiple serious injuries, cases of ill health (either immediate or delayed), or loss of life, or
- Serious disruption or extensive damage to property, inside or outside the establishment in the case of a major incident, the Trust Major Incident Plan should be followed in the first instance. The Major Incident Plan is available in the policies section of the Trust intranet.

Never Event - Never Events are serious incidents that are entirely preventable because guidance or safety recommendations providing strong systemic protective barriers are available at a national level and should have been implemented by all healthcare providers. A link to the national guidance is below

https://www.england.nhs.uk/publication/never-events/

9. Audit and assurance

Element to be	Lead	Tool	Freq	Reporting
monitored				Arrangements
Sign off incidents	Patient Safety	Eclipse	Monthly	Local Safety
	Team			Panels

The level of incident reporting in the Trust is monitored via the Learning from Patient Safety Events (LFPSE), which reports nationally on an annual basis the number of patient safety incidents that are reported within each NHS Trust.

10. Appendices

Equality Analysis Screening Form

A word version of this document can be found on the HR support pages on Connect http://connect/corporate/humanresources/managementsupport/Pages/default.aspx

Title of Proposal	Amendment to the Reporting, Management and Learning from Incidents Policy			
Person Completing this proposal	Samantha Munbodh Role or title Head of Patient Safety			
Division	Governance	Service Area	Corporate	
Date Started	January 2025	Date completed	January 2025	

Main purpose and aims of the proposal and how it fits in with the wider strategic aims and objectives of the organisation.

The Trust is committed to ensuring that the care it provides is safe for all those being cared for and providing the care. Where incidents do occur, it is vitally important that the Trust learns from these so as wherever possible prevent reoccurrence or otherwise reduce the risk.

The purpose of the policy is to ensure that internally

- There is a clear understanding of what an incident or near miss is.
- Staff are supported appropriately when they are involved in an incident
- How to report an incident on Eclipse, the Trust Risk Management System,
- All staff understand their responsibility in reporting incidents and near misses involving staff, patients and others.
- All managers understand their responsibility in managing incidents and near misses involving staff, patients and others.
- All staff understand their responsibility in implementing lessons learnt from incidents and near misses.
- The investigation process adheres to national serious incidents framework and contractual agreements with commissioners and externa bodies.
- All staff know who to contact when help is required with any of the former.

Additionally, the purpose of this policy is to ensure that the Trust reports all incidents which meet the criteria for notification to external organisations as defined by the National Serious Incident Framework

Who will benefit from the proposal?

All patients, families and staff

Impacts on different Personal Protected Characteristics – Helpful Questions:				
This policy has no negative imp	pact on any perso	onal protecti	ve	Promote good community relations?
characteristics, it aims to promote involvement and fair treatment		ment	Promote positive attitudes towards disabled people?	
			Consider more favourable treatment of disabled people?	
			Promote involvement and consultation?	
			Protect and promote human rights?	
Please click in the relevant impact box or leave blank if you feel the			you feel th	ere is no particular impact.
Personal Protected No/Minimum Negative Positive F			Positive	Please list details or evidence of why there might be a positive,
Characteristic	Impact	Impact	Impact	negative or no impact on protected characteristics.
A.g.o.		X		Ensure staff who may not be digitally proficient are supported with
Age				accessible guidance as well as age appropriate information
Including children and people of	over 65			
Is it easy for someone of any a	ge to find out abo	out your serv	vice or acce	ss your proposal?
Are you able to justify the legal	or lawful reason	s when your	service exc	cludes certain age groups
Disability			х	Reasonable adjustments to be made where needed, including easy read
-			^	versions, videos
				ng disabilities and those with mental health issues
Do you currently monitor who h	nas a disability so	o that you kn	ow how we	I your service is being used by people with a disability?
Are you making reasonable ad	justment to meet	the needs o	of the staff, s	service users, carers and families?
Gender			Х	Incident analysis will take into consideration gender
This can include male and fem	ale or someone v	who has com	pleted the	gender reassignment process from one sex to another
Do you have flexible working a	rrangements for	either sex?		
Is it easier for either men or wo	omen to access y	our proposa	?	
Marriage or Civil			х	Incident analysis will take into consideration this protective characteristic
Partnerships				
				ed couples on a wide range of legal matters
Are the documents and information	ation provided for	r your servic	e reflecting	the appropriate terminology for marriage and civil partnerships?
Pregnancy or Maternity			х	Incident analysis will look at this protective characteristic
This includes women having a	baby and womer	n just after th	ney have ha	d a baby
Does your service accommoda	ate the needs of e	expectant an	d post-nata	I mothers both as staff and service users?

it be discriminatory under an			
	-		Equality Act 2010, Human Rights Act 1998)
		-	humiliating situation or position? ny of the key areas would this difference be illegal / unlawful? I.e., Would
Caring for other people or prote	•	•	
Affecting someone's right to Life			
Human Rights		Х	Reporting to be factual and respectful
Have you considered the possi	•	nder staff and se	ay changing from one gender to another rvice users in the development of your proposal or service?
Transgender or Gender Reassignment		X	Peoples confidentially will be maintained
Does staff in your workplace fe	•	• •	build office culture make them feel this might not be a good idea?
Including gay men, lesbians an	• •	eonle from any h	packground or are the images mainly heterosexual couples?
Sexual Orientation		X	Peoples confidentially to be maintained
	ou take necessary s	•	e that spiritual requirements are met?
Is there easy access to a praye	• •		
Including humanists and non-be			
Religion or Belief		X	Appropriate support which takes into religion or beliefs to be provided following an incident
What arrangements are in place	e to communicate wi	th people who do	o not have English as a first language?
What training does staff have to	•		
Including Gypsy or Roma peop	le, Irish people, those	e of mixed herita	ge, asylum seekers and refugees
			available in languages other than English.
Race or Ethnicity		Х	should take into consideration minority backgrounds. Literature to be
			Compassionate engagement for those affected by a safety incident. This

What do you consider the level of negative impact to	High Impact	Medium Impact	Low Impact	No Impact
be?				X
If the impact could be discrimin	natory in law, please o	contact the Equality and Diver	sity Lead immediately t	o determine the next course of action. If
the negative impact is high a F	Full Equality Analysis	will be required.		
If you are unsure how to answ	er the above question	ns, or if you have assessed the	impact as medium, plea	se seek further guidance from the
Equality and Diversity Lead	before proceeding.			
If the proposal does not have a	a negative impact or tl	he impact is considered low, re	asonable or justifiable, tl	hen please complete the rest of the
form below with any required r	edial actions, and for	ward to the Equality and Diver	sity Lead.	
Action Planning:				
How could you minimise or rer	nove any negative im	pact identified even if this is of	low significance?	
How will any impact or planned	d actions be monitored	d and reviewed?		
		e equality by sharing good prac	ctice to have a positive in	mpact other people as a result of their
personal protected characteris				
Learning will be shared throug	h local governance co	ommittees		
Learning will be shared throug		ommittees ppy with a copy of the proposal	to the Senior Equality ar	nd Diversity Lead at
Learning will be shared throug Please save and keep one cop	by and then send a co	ppy with a copy of the proposal		nd Diversity Lead at sulting actions are incorporated into

Themes and Trends – the Eclipse Oracle within the eclipse system on the trust intranet site (Connect) provides interactive reports for teams and service areas to learn from incident data. The information on is updated daily and provides staff with in-depth incidents analysis to support learning.

Sharing the Findings of incident Investigations - The Trust has a desire to be open and transparent with service users, carers and staff to ensure that those involved have the opportunity to understand what has happened and where possible why the incident occurred. Information regarding how the Trust is going to improve practice and complete recommendations will also be shared with key stakeholders. Confidentiality of information shared by service users should be maintained and reports will only be shared with family and carers with their permission, where this is possible to be obtained.

Reports - Governance facilitators prepare incident data for local clinical governance committees, focusing on identifying trends and patters. This data is presented to support learning and improvements in care quality and safety.

Subject matter experts share data with their committees, ensuring the findings are understood and actions are taken to address issues.

An Experience and Safety Report is created for the Quality Experience and Patient Experience Committee and Trust Clinical Governance summarising key findings and actions

Sharing of Learning – alternative methods

Reflective practice – To help learn from experience the Trust actively encourages reflective practice, whether this is individually or as a group. To help do this in a structured way Gibbs (1988) Reflective Cycle "Learning by Doing" is highly recommended.

Safety Conversations – Safety Conversations involves sessions that are facilitated by the Patient Safety Team. Where people can talk openly and honestly, without judgment and above all be listened to. Informal discussions will take place around what is important to staff about keeping people safe and whether they have any suggestions on how patient safety can be improved within the Trust. The details of either one incident or a group of similar incidents are shared with staff who will then work on identifying the issues or concerns and recommendations to prevent reoccurrence.

Quality Practice Alerts (QPA) - These are alerts regarding a patient safety or Trust business related matters that are shared across the organisation via electronic communication. The issues raised can emanate from any category of incident including those arising from safeguarding concerns, complaints or claims.

Any member of staff can request that a QPA is shared. The sharing of the alert is considered by the Patient Safety Advisory Group and the staff member requesting the dissemination. It is important that QPAs are targeted at the most influential and appropriate audience.

In each case the QPA must clearly state the actions that should be taken and whom by. Timescales are given for feedback and the evidence of actions collated. Consideration should always be given to how a person's human rights will be maintained where QPAs are suggesting restrictions or might affect those with a protected characteristic.

Equality Impact - In order to prevent the further enhancement of health inequalities we must monitor and understand the impact on service user and staff populations, this means regularly interrogating the data to understand where disproportionate impact may occur across staff and service users. This data is to be used regularly to inform and challenge service and pathway development and recurring disproportionate impact escalated.

Quarterly Bulletin – The Patient Safety Team will share learning from incidents via a quarterly newsletter to all staff

It Takes 3 - Basic details of an incident review can be captured and shared during opportunities in clinical practice such as Safety Huddles. These briefings are designed to allow for succinct delivery of the learning arising from a review to allow for assimilation to practice

Learning Responses - Anonymised versions of learning responses are shared with governance committees and uploaded to the Trust Safety Page on Connect.